

BENCHMARKING ASSESSMENT REPORT

AIRPORT BENCHMARKING

AUCKLAND INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT AUCKLAND, NEW ZEALAND



REPORT DATE: 15 October 2014

Benchmarking Data Collection Period: 1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014

The planet deserves more than half measures

OVERVIEW

This annual assessment of **Auckland International Airport** was undertaken against EarthCheck benchmarking indicators and checklists developed for EarthCheck and listed below. ¹ They have been carefully selected to track performance in key areas of environmental and social performance impact. EarthCheck benchmarking provides an organisation a vehicle for sustainability reporting and is based on the premise of continual improvement. By undertaking a Benchmarking Assessment an organisation meets the requirements of annual benchmarking which includes the collection and submission of benchmarking data to EarthCheck for review and completion of the Benchmarking Assessment Report.²

	Indicator Measure (Benchmark)
1 Policy	Policy is produced and in place
	Energy Consumption (MJ / Square Metre)
2 Energy	Green Power (%) ³
L ifelgy	Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2) (kg $\rm CO_2$ -e / Square Metre) 4
	Indirect Emissions (Scope 3) (kg CO ₂ -e / Passenger) ⁴
	Potable Water Consumption (L / Passenger)
3 Water	Recycled / Captured Water (%) ³
	Water Savings Rating (Points)
	Waste Sent to Landfill (L / Passenger)
4 Waste	Recycled / Reused / Composted Waste (%) ³
	Waste Recycling Rating (Points)
5 Community	Community Commitment (%)
5 Community	Community Contributions Rating (Points)
6 Paper	Paper Products Rating (Points)
7 Cleaning	Cleaning Products Rating (Points)
8 Pesticides	Pesticide Products Rating (Points)
9 Sector Specific	Water Samples Passed (%)
- Sector Specific	Proven Noise Infringements (%)

¹ Refer to the EarthCheck Sector Benchmarking Indicator (SBI) document for more information. For frequently asked questions (FAQs) about benchmarking or specific help, please log on to 'My EarthCheck' and visit your EarthCheck Benchmarking software.

As a standard policy, all EarthCheck indicators are continuously reviewed, along with the performance levels which operators have to achieve in order to meet the requirements of the Company Standard. This review takes into account "business-as-usual" changes in practices and equipment, and is used to update where appropriate Baseline and Best Practice levels.

² To meet the requirements stipulated in the EarthCheck Company Standard organisations are required to collect and submit Benchmarking data against each of the Core Benchmarking Indicators by way of annual Benchmarking Assessment, and have in place a repeatable system for accurately recording Benchmarking data including a methodology for calculating the organisation's Activity Measure for each consecutive year.

³ These indicators are for guidance only and do not affect the overall benchmarking evaluation.

 $^{f 4}$ There may be a slight variation between total figures presented in the energy table and the data summary due to unit selection and data rounding.

EarthCheck® is a registered trademark of Earthcheck Pty Ltd.

AIRPORT PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS

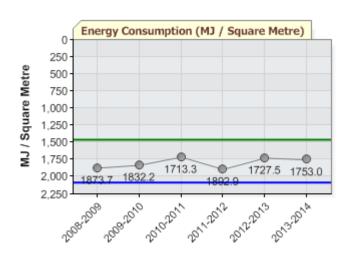
Below Baseline * At or above Best Practice ★ Current performance: At or above Baseline ✓

1. Policy 🖈

2. Energy

Energy Consumption (MJ / Square Metre) ✓

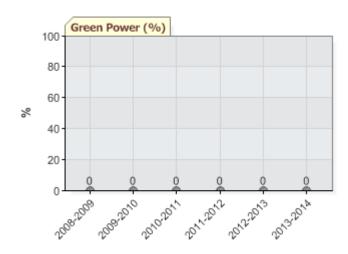






Energy Consumption (MJ / Square Metre) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 1753.0 MJ / Square Metre, which was 15.9% better than the Baseline level.

Green Power (%)

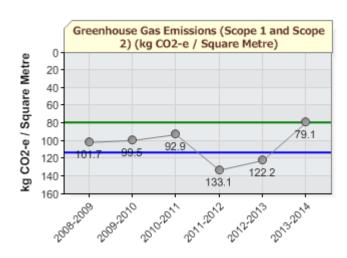




Green Power (%) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 0%.

Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2) (kg CO₂-e / Square Metre)

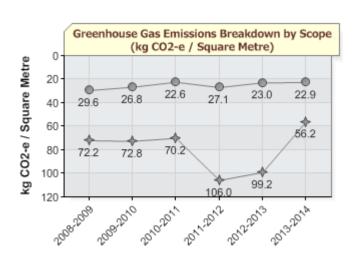


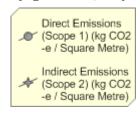




Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2) (kg CO_2 -e / Square Metre) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 79.1 kg CO_2 -e / Square Metre, which was 30.0% better than the Baseline level.

Greenhouse Gas Emissions Breakdown by Scope (kg CO₂-e / Square Metre)

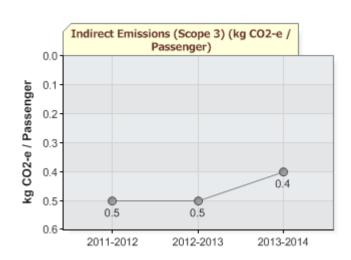




Direct Emissions (Scope 1) (kg CO_2 -e / Square Metre) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 22.9 kg CO_2 -e / Square Metre.

Indirect Emissions (Scope 2) (kg CO_2 -e / Square Metre) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 56.2 kg CO_2 -e / Square Metre.

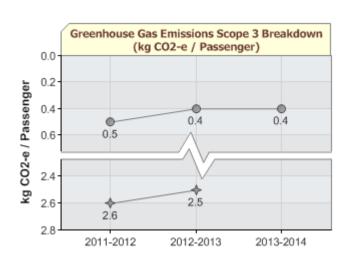
Indirect Emissions (Scope 3) (kg CO₂-e / Passenger)

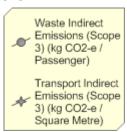




Indirect Emissions (Scope 3) (kg CO_2 -e / Passenger) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 0.4 kg CO_2 -e / Passenger.

Greenhouse Gas Emissions Scope 3 Breakdown (kg CO₂-e / Passenger)





Transport Indirect Emissions (Scope 3) (kg CO_2 -e / Square Metre) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) not measured as no data entered.

Waste Indirect Emissions (Scope 3) (kg $\rm CO_2$ -e / Passenger) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 0.4 kg $\rm CO_2$ -e / Passenger.

			ions (Scope 1)				
			el Combustion				
_			2013				
Туре	Quantity	Unit	Energy Consumption (MJ)	CO ₂ Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)	CH ₄ Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)	N ₂ O Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)	Total Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)
Natural gas	5259	GJ	5259000.0	278.7	0.1	3.4	282.2
		subtotal	5259000.0	278.7	0.1	3.4	282.2
			2013				
Natural gas	4450	GJ	4450000.0	235.9	0.1	2.9	238.8
		subtotal	4450000.0	235.9	0.1	2.9	238.8
		Sep	2013				
Natural gas	4059	GJ	4059000.0	215.1	0.09	2.6	217.8
		subtotal	4059000.0	215.1	0.09	2.6	217.8
			2013			1	
Natural gas	3044	GJ	3044000.0	161.3	0.07	2.0	163.4
		subtotal	3044000.0	161.3	0.07	2.0	163.4
			2013			,	
Natural gas	1879	GJ	1879000.0	99.6	0.04	1.2	100.8
		subtotal	1879000.0	99.6	0.04	1.2	100.8
		Dec	2013				
Natural gas	1612	GJ	1612000.0	85.4	0.04	1.0	86.5
		subtotal	1612000.0	85.4	0.04	1.0	86.5
		Jan	2014				
Natural gas	1789	GJ	1789000.0	94.8	0.04	1.1	96.0
		subtotal	1789000.0	94.8	0.04	1.1	96.0
		Feb	2014				
Natural gas	1216	GJ	1216000.0	64.4	0.03	0.8	65.3
		subtotal	1216000.0	64.4	0.03	0.8	65.3
		Mar	2014				
Natural gas	1689	GJ	1689000.0	89.5	0.04	1.1	90.6
		subtotal	1689000.0	89.5	0.04	1.1	90.6
		Apr	2014				
Natural gas	1697	GJ	1697000.0	89.9	0.04	1.1	91.1
		subtotal	1697000.0	89.9	0.04	1.1	91.1
		May	2014				
Natural gas	2932	GJ	2932000.0	155.4	0.07	1.9	157.3
		subtotal	2932000.0	155.4	0.07	1.9	157.3
		Jun	2014				
Natural gas	3500	GJ	3500000.0	185.5	0.08	2.2	187.8
		subtotal	3500000.0	185.5	0.08	2.2	187.8
			mbustion (road)				
			2013				
Туре	Quantity	Unit	Energy Consumption (MJ)	CO ₂ Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)	CH ₄ Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)	N ₂ O Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)	Total Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)

Diesel	7740.83	litres (L)	297634.9	20.5	0.02	0.1	20.7
Motor gasoline	5119.79	litres (L)	179551.0	11.8	0.03	0.2	12.0
		subtotal	477185.9	32.4	0.05	0.3	32.7
		Aug 20	013				
Diesel	8519.5	litres (L)	327574.8	22.6	0.02	0.1	22.7
Motor gasoline	3446.83	litres (L)	120880.3	8.0	0.02	0.1	8.1
		subtotal	448455.1	30.6	0.04	0.3	30.9
		Sep 20	013			1	
Diesel	4690.14	litres (L)	180335.9	12.4	0.01	0.08	12.5
Motor gasoline	3816.41	litres (L)	133841.5	8.8	0.03	0.1	9.0
		subtotal	314177.4	21.3	0.04	0.2	21.5
		Oct 20)13				
Diesel	6032.47	litres (L)	231948.5	16.0	0.01	0.1	16.1
Motor gasoline	3723.64	litres (L)	130588.1	8.6	0.02	0.1	8.8
		subtotal	362536.5	24.6	0.04	0.2	24.9
		Nov 20					
Diesel	6881.6	litres (L)	264597.5	18.2	0.02	0.1	18.4
Motor gasoline	3762.4	litres (L)	131947.4	8.7	0.02	0.1	8.9
		subtotal	396544.9	26.9	0.04	0.2	27.2
		Dec 20	013				
Diesel	7817.18	litres (L)	300570.6	20.7	0.02	0.1	20.9
Motor gasoline	3604.36	litres (L)	126404.9	8.3	0.02	0.1	8.5
		subtotal	426975.5	29.1	0.04	0.3	29.4
		Jan 20				T	
Diesel	5359.11	litres (L)	206057.8	14.2	0.01	0.09	14.3
Motor gasoline	3466.01	litres (L)	121553.0	8.0	0.02	0.1	8.2
		subtotal	327610.8	22.2	0.04	0.2	22.5
		Feb 20	014				
Diesel	5307.21	litres (L)	204062.2	14.1	0.01	0.09	14.2
Motor gasoline	4812.14	litres (L)	168761.7	11.1	0.03	0.2	11.3
		subtotal	372824.0	25.2	0.05	0.3	25.5
		Mar 20				T	
Diesel	7316.72	litres (L)	281327.9	19.4	0.02	0.1	19.5
Motor gasoline	4491.25	litres (L)	157508.1	10.4	0.03	0.2	10.6
		subtotal	438836.0	29.8	0.05	0.3	30.1
		Apr 20					
Diesel	6675.82	litres (L)	256685.3	17.7	0.02	0.1	17.8
Motor gasoline	2023.55	litres (L)	70965.9	4.7	0.01	0.07	4.8
		subtotal	327651.2	22.4	0.03	0.2	22.6
		May 20				T	
Diesel	5396.14	litres (L)	207481.6	14.3	0.01	0.09	14.4
Motor gasoline	4571.13	litres (L)	160309.5	10.6	0.03	0.2	10.8

			367791.1	24.9	0.04	0.2	25.2
		subtotal Jun 2		24.9	0.04	0.2	25.2
Diesel	6604.75	litres (L)	253952.6	17.5	0.02	0.1	17.6
Motor gasoline	3419.76	litres (L)	119931.0	7.9	0.02	0.1	8.0
Tiotol gasonine	3113.70	subtotal	373883.6	25.4	0.04	0.2	25.7
		Mobile Fuel Co		23.4	0.04	0.2	23.7
		Jul 2					
Туре	Quantity	Unit	Energy Consumption (MJ)	CO ₂ Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)	CH ₄ Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)	N ₂ O Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)	Total Emission Estimate (t CO₂-e)
Jet Kerosene	6000	litres (L)	223740.0	15.2	0.002	0.1	15.3
		subtotal	223740.0	15.2	0.002	0.1	15.3
		Aug 2	2013				
Jet Kerosene	9508	litres (L)	354553.3	24.1	0.004	0.2	24.3
		subtotal	354553.3	24.1	0.004	0.2	24.3
	1	Sep 2	2013	1		1	
Jet Kerosene	3006	litres (L)	112093.7	7.6	0.001	0.07	7.7
		subtotal	112093.7	7.6	0.001	0.07	7.7
	T	Oct 2		T	T	T	
Jet Kerosene	2000	litres (L)	74580.0	5.1	0.0008	0.04	5.1
		subtotal	74580.0	5.1	0.0008	0.04	5.1
	T	Nov 2		T	T	T	
Jet Kerosene	0	litres (L)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		subtotal	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	T	Dec 2		T	T	T	
Jet Kerosene	6000	litres (L)	223740.0	15.2	0.002	0.1	15.3
		subtotal	223740.0	15.2	0.002	0.1	15.3
- · · ·	_	Jan 2		1	T		
Jet Kerosene	0	litres (L)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		subtotal	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
let Verenne	4002	Feb 2	149234.6	10.1	0.002	0.09	10.2
Jet Kerosene	4002	litres (L)			1		
		subtotal	149234.6	10.1	0.002	0.09	10.2
Jet Kerosene	4706	litres (L)	175486.7	11.9	0.002	0.1	12.0
Jet Keroserie	4700	subtotal	175486.7	11.9	0.002	0.1	12.0
		Apr		11.9	0.002	0.1	12.0
Jet Kerosene	0	litres (L)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		subtotal	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		May		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Jet Kerosene	0	litres (L)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		subtotal	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Jun 2					
Jet Kerosene	0	litres (L)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		subtotal	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

			TOTAL	39073900.4	2159.4	1.3	24.9	2185.6
				ions (Scope 2)	2159.4	1.3	24.9	2165.0
				Electricity				
				2013				
Quantity	Unit	% Green Power	Provider	Energy Consumption (MJ)	CO ₂ Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)	CH ₄ Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)	N ₂ O Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)	Total Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)
2918671	Kilowatt hour (kWh)	0	New Zealand	10507215.6	438.4	0.2	0.8	439.3
			subtotal	10507215.6	438.4	0.2	0.8	439.3
			Aug	2013				
2970838	Kilowatt hour (kWh)	0	New Zealand	10695016.8	446.2	0.2	0.8	447.2
			subtotal	10695016.8	446.2	0.2	0.8	447.2
			Sep	2013				
2795261	Kilowatt hour (kWh)	0	New Zealand	10062939.6	419.9	0.2	0.7	420.8
			subtotal	10062939.6	419.9	0.2	0.7	420.8
			Oct	2013				
2933453	Kilowatt hour (kWh)	0	New Zealand	10560430.8	440.6	0.2	0.8	441.6
			subtotal	10560430.8	440.6	0.2	0.8	441.6
			Nov	2013				
2906159	Kilowatt hour (kWh)	0	New Zealand	10462172.4	436.5	0.2	0.8	437.5
			subtotal	10462172.4	436.5	0.2	0.8	437.5
			Dec	2013				
3025074	Kilowatt hour (kWh)	0	New Zealand	10890266.4	454.4	0.2	0.8	455.4
			subtotal	10890266.4	454.4	0.2	0.8	455.4
			Jan :	2014				
3129800	Kilowatt hour (kWh)	0	New Zealand	11267280.0	470.1	0.2	0.8	471.1
			subtotal	11267280.0	470.1	0.2	0.8	471.1
				2014				
3026437	Kilowatt hour (kWh)	0	New Zealand	10895173.2	454.6	0.2	0.8	455.6
			subtotal	10895173.2	454.6	0.2	0.8	455.6
				2014	T			T
3154748	Kilowatt hour (kWh)	0	New Zealand	11357092.8	473.9	0.2	0.8	474.9
			subtotal	11357092.8	473.9	0.2	0.8	474.9
				2014	T			T
2910859	Kilowatt hour (kWh)	0	New Zealand	10479092.4	437.2	0.2	0.8	438.2
			subtotal	10479092.4	437.2	0.2	0.8	438.2
				2014		1	1	
2878870	Kilowatt hour (kWh)	0	New Zealand	10363932.0	432.4	0.2	0.7	433.4
			subtotal	10363932.0	432.4	0.2	0.7	433.4
				2014		T		
2968682	Kilowatt hour (kWh)	0	New Zealand	10687255.2	445.9	0.2	0.8	446.9
			subtotal	10687255.2	445.9	0.2	0.8	446.9
			TOTAL	128227867.2	5350.1	2.3	9.3	5361.7
		Gree	nhouse Gas Emissio	ns (Scope 1 and Sco	ope 2)			

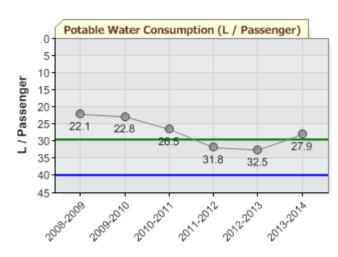
Quantity 162	Unit tonnes (compacted)	Type of Landfill Covered and/or	Type of Waste	Jul 2	t to Landfill	7509.5	3.6	34.2	7547.3
			Type of Waste	Waste Sent Jul 2	t to Landfill				
			Type of Waste	Jul 2					
			Type of Waste		2013				
162	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or		Type of Operation	Source	CO ₂ Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)	CH ₄ Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)	N₂O Emission Estimate (t CO₂-e)	Total Emission Estimate (t CO ₂ -e)
		managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	New Zealand	0.0	237.0	0.0	237.0
					subtotal	0.0	237.0	0.0	237.0
				Aug 2	2013				
161	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	New Zealand	0.0	235.5	0.0	235.5
					subtotal	0.0	235.5	0.0	235.5
				Sep 2	2013				
149	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	New Zealand	0.0	218.0	0.0	218.0
					subtotal	0.0	218.0	0.0	218.0
				Oct 2	2013				
157	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	New Zealand	0.0	229.7	0.0	229.7
					subtotal	0.0	229.7	0.0	229.7
				Nov 2	2013				
159	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	New Zealand	0.0	232.6	0.0	232.6
					subtotal	0.0	232.6	0.0	232.6
				Dec 2	2013				
191	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	New Zealand	0.0	279.4	0.0	279.4
					subtotal	0.0	279.4	0.0	279.4
				Jan 2	2014				
186	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	New Zealand	0.0	272.1	0.0	272.1
					subtotal	0.0	272.1	0.0	272.1
				Feb 2	2014				
171	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	New Zealand	0.0	250.2	0.0	250.2
, in the second	,				subtotal	0.0	250.2	0.0	250.2
				Mar 2	2014				
175	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	New Zealand	0.0	256.0	0.0	256.0
					subtotal	0.0	256.0	0.0	256.0
				Apr 2	2014				

165	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	New Zealand	0.0	241.4	0.0	241.4
					subtotal	0.0	241.4	0.0	241.4
				May	2014				
168	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	New Zealand	0.0	245.8	0.0	245.8
					subtotal	0.0	245.8	0.0	245.8
				Jun :	2014				
175	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	New Zealand	0.0	256.0	0.0	256.0
					subtotal	0.0	256.0	0.0	256.0
					TOTAL	0.0	2953.8	0.0	2953.8

3. Water

Potable Water Consumption (L / Passenger)







Potable Water Consumption (L Passenger) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 27.9 L / Passenger, which was 5.1% better than the Best Practice level.

Jul-Sep 2013

Jui-Sep 2013		
Quantity	Unit	Potable Water Consumption (kL)
49311	cubic metres	49311.0 kL
Oct-Dec 2013		
72502	cubic metres	72502.0 kL
Jan-Mar 2014		
61566	cubic metres	61566.0 kL
Apr-Jun 2014		
43724	cubic metres	43724.0 kL
	TOTAL	227103.0 kL

Recycled / Captured Water (%)





Recycled / Captured Water (%) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 7.5%.

Water Savings Rating (Points)







Water Savings Rating (Points) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 93.4 Points, which was 13.4 Points better than the Best Practice level.

Water Savings Measures	Frequency / Percentage Rating	Water Savings Rating (Points)
Check for leaks	Every week	100.0 Points
Low/dual flush toilets	100%	100.0 Points
Low flow tap fittings	100%	100.0 Points
Low flow shower fittings	100%	100.0 Points
Water sprinklers used after dark	100%	100.0 Points
Minimal irrigation landscaping	100%	100.0 Points
Use of recycle/grey/rain water	1-19%	54.0 Points
	Overall Rating:	93.4 Points

4. Waste

Waste Sent to Landfill (L / Passenger)







Waste Sent to Landfill (L / Passenger) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 0.4 L / Passenger, which was 71.4% better than the Best Practice level.

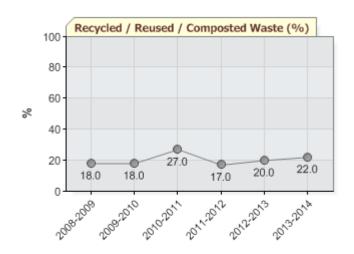
Jul 2013

Quantity	Unit	Type of Landfill	Type of Waste	Type of Operation	Waste Sent to Landfill (m³)
162	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	249.2 m ³
Aug 2013					
161	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	247.7 m ³
Sep 2013		I			
149	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	229.2 m ³
Oct 2013		T.			
157	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	241.5 m ³
Nov 2013		T			
159	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	244.6 m ³
Dec 2013		1			
191	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	293.8 m ³
Jan 2014					
186	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	286.2 m ³
Feb 2014					
171	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	263.1 m ³
Mar 2014					
175	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	269.2 m ³

Apr 2014

165	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	253.8 m ³
May 2014					
168	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	258.5 m ³
Jun 2014					
175	tonnes (compacted)	Covered and/or managed waste treatment facility	Unknown (mixed waste types)	Airports	269.2 m ³
				TOTAL	3106.2 m³

Recycled / Reused / Composted Waste (%)





Recycled / Reused / Composted Waste (%) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 22.0%.

Waste Recycling Rating (Points)







Waste Recycling Rating (Points) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 80.6 Points, which was 0.6 Points better than the Best Practice level.

Waste Recycling Measures	Frequency / Percentage Rating	Waste Recycling Rating (Points)
Glass	80-99%	88.9 Points
Paper/card	80-99%	88.9 Points
Iron & steel (ferrous metals)	80-99%	88.9 Points
Other metals (non-ferrous)	80-99%	88.9 Points
Plastics	60-79%	73.9 Points
Rubber	Not Relevant / Not Available	-
Green waste	1-19%	54.0 Points
	Overall Rating:	80.6 Points

5. Community

Community Commitment (%)





Community Commitment (%) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 40.0%, which was 20.0% below the Baseline level.

Community Contributions Rating (Points)







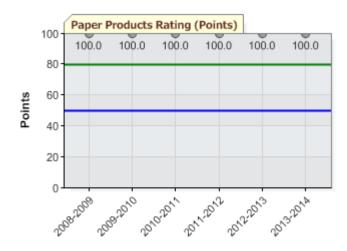
Community Contributions Rating (Points) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 -30 June 2014) was 84.7 Points, which was 4.7 Points better than the Best Practice level.

Community Contributions Measures	Frequency / Percentage Rating	Community Contributions Rating (Points)
Net income spent on sustainability programs	0.1% - 1.9%	54.0 Points
Perishable purchased goods that are of local origin	Not Relevant / Not Available	-
Service contracts given to local contractors	100%	100.0 Points
Staff received training on sustainability issues	100%	100.0 Points
	Overall Rating:	84.7 Points

6. Paper

Paper Products Rating (Points)







Paper Products Rating (Points) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 100.0 Points, which was 20.0 Points better than the Best Practice level.

Paper Products Measures	Frequency / Percentage Rating	Paper Products Rating (Points)
Office paper	100%	100.0 Points
Serviettes	100%	100.0 Points
Tissues	100%	100.0 Points
Toilet tissue	100%	100.0 Points
Paper towels	100%	100.0 Points
	Overall Rating:	100.0 Points

7. Cleaning

Cleaning Products Rating (Points)





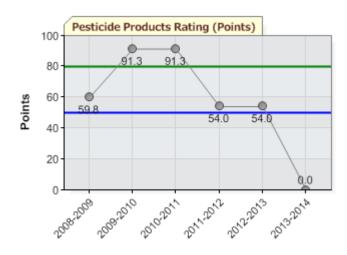


Cleaning Products Rating (Points) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 82.5 Points, which was 2.5 Points better than the Best Practice level.

Cleaning Products Measures	Frequency / Percentage Rating	Cleaning Products Rating (Points)
Hard floor cleaners	80-99%	88.9 Points
Carpet cleaners	100%	100.0 Points
Interior surface cleaners	100%	100.0 Points
External surface cleaners	100%	100.0 Points
Glass cleaners	80-99%	88.9 Points
Detergents	0%	0.0 Points
Personal hygiene	100%	100.0 Points
	Overall Rating:	82.5 Points

8. Pesticides

Pesticide Products Rating (Points) 🕊





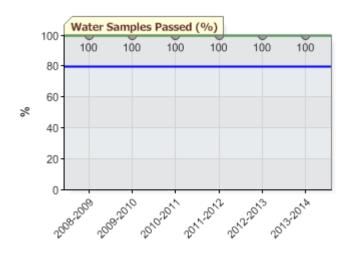
Pesticide Products Rating (Points) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 0.0 Points, which was 50.0 Points below the Baseline level.

Pesticide Products Measures	Frequency / Percentage Rating	Pesticide Products Rating (Points)
Weed killers	0%	0.0 Points
Fungal killers	0%	0.0 Points
Rodent killers	0%	0.0 Points
Insect killers	0%	0.0 Points
	Overall Rating:	0.0 Points

9. Sector Specific

Water Samples Passed (%)



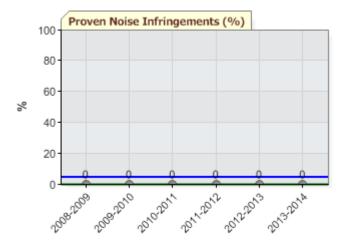




Water Samples Passed (%) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 100%, which was at the Best Practice level.

Proven Noise Infringements (%)







Proven Noise Infringements (%) for the year 2013 - 2014 (1 July 2013 - 30 June 2014) was 0%, which was at the Best Practice level.

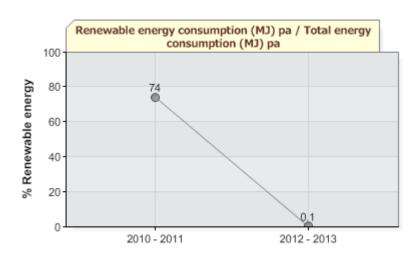
OPTIONAL BENCHMARKING INDICATORS

The **Auckland International Airport** has also nominated optional Operation Selected and Specified Indicators that they consider relevant to their specific operation and locality. The Operation Selected and Specified Indicators do not form part of the formal annual benchmarking exercise.

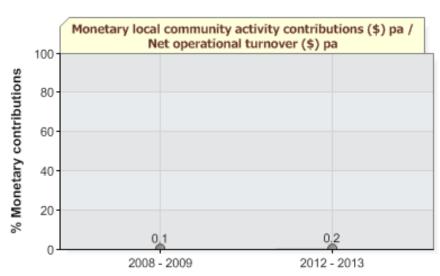
1. Selected Indicators

Selected Indicators are from a supplied list of EarthCheck indicators.

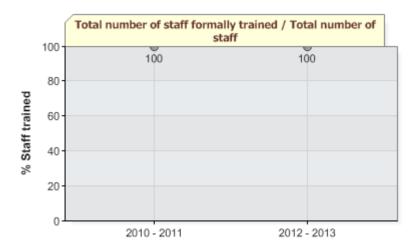
Renewable energy consumption (MJ) pa / Total energy consumption (MJ) pa



Monetary local community activity contributions (\$) pa / Net operational turnover (\$) pa



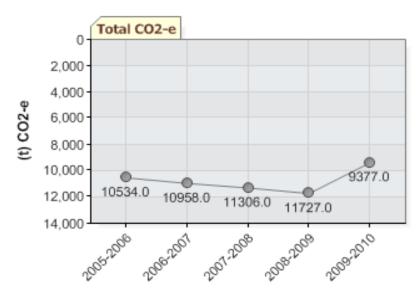
Total number of staff formally trained / Total number of staff



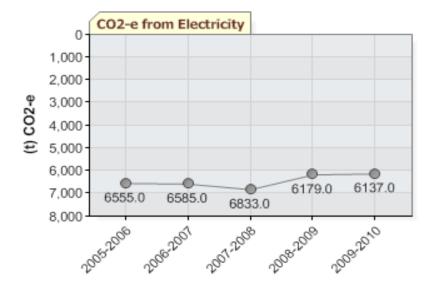
2. Specified Indicators

Specified Indicators are devised by the operator for local and/or internal performance assessment.

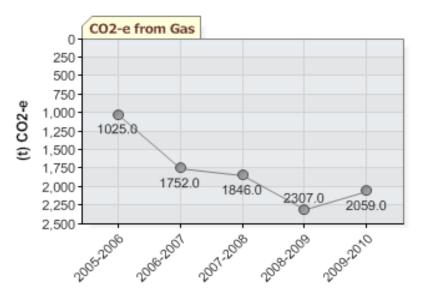
Total CO2-e



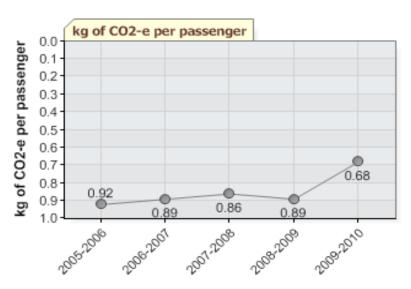
CO2-e from Electricity



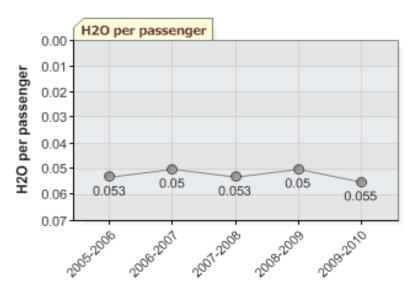
CO2-e from Gas



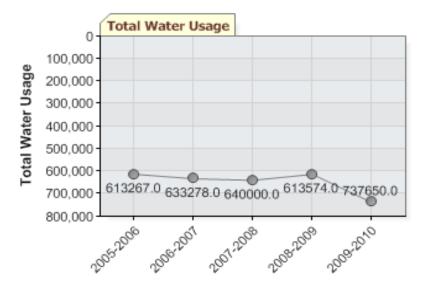
Kg of CO2-e per Passenger



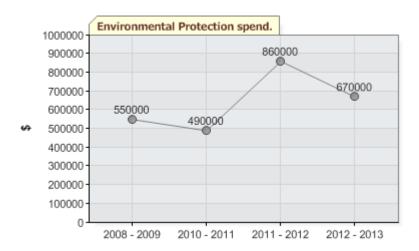
H₂O per Passenger



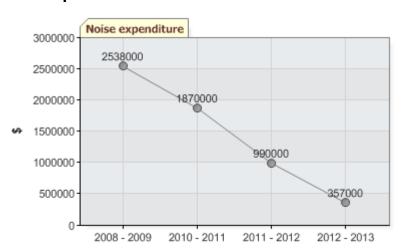
Total Water Usage



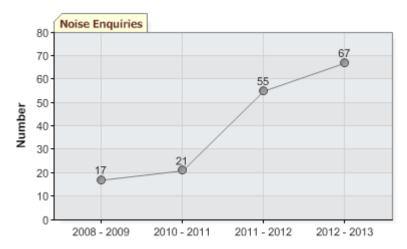
Environmental Protection spend.



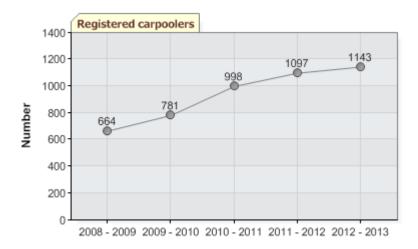
Noise expenditure



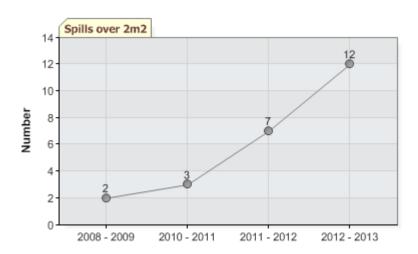
Noise Enquiries



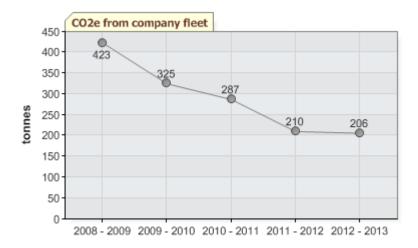
Registered carpoolers



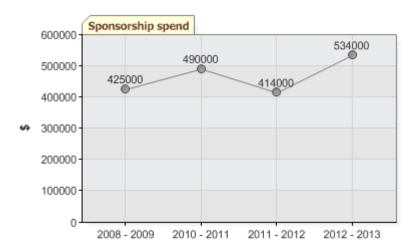
Spills over 2m²



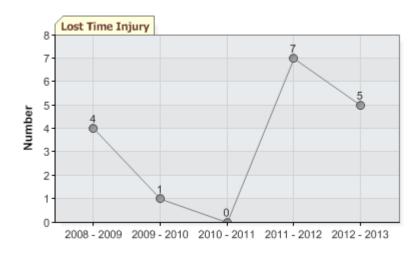
CO₂e from company fleet



Sponsorship spend



Lost Time Injury



Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate



Total Shareholder Return



Completed and disclosed annual Carbon Disclosure Project return.

Benchmarking Period	Completed and disclosed annual Carbon Disclosure Project return. (Yes or No)
2008-2009	Yes
2009-2010	Yes
2010-2011	Yes
2011-2012	Yes
2012-2013	Yes

The supplied data has been compiled by the **Auckland International Airport** in the prescribed manner, authorised by a senior executive of the company and submitted for an annual assessment.

CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Congratulations, the **Auckland International Airport** has met the requirements to be recognised as an EarthCheck Benchmarked Airport.

In addition to having a Sustainability Policy in place, eleven of the assessed EarthCheck indicators are at or above the Baseline level. From the benchmarking data provided, nine indicators, Potable Water Consumption, Water Savings Rating, Waste Sent to Landfill, Waste Recycling Rating, Community Contributions Rating, Paper Products Rating, Cleaning Products Rating, Water Samples Passed, and Proven Noise Infringements are at or above the Best Practice level, which is an achievement to be very highly commended.

The two indicators that fell below the Baseline level were *Community Commitment* and *Pesticide Products Rating*.

The value for *Community Commitment* was 20.0% below the Baseline level. The **Auckland International Airport** is, therefore, encouraged to continue to look to local recruitment as much as possible (e.g. through operating in-house training programs) and/or increase the use of on-site or local housing for its staff. This will not only help contribute to the local economy, but also reduce the significant negative environmental impacts related to long-distance travel to and from work.

The value for *Pesticide Products Rating* was 50.0 Points below the Baseline level. The **Auckland International Airport** is encouraged, therefore, to review existing practices and procedures. This review should aim to look to increasing where practical the use of biodegradable pesticides in order to replace and phase out those that are non-biodegradable, and more likely to cause environmental harm.

The **Auckland International Airport** is encouraged to continue to make improvements in the above indicators and to ensure that any indicator below baseline is addressed in the organisation's risk assessment and long term sustainability approach.

Improvements in all the EarthCheck indicators will not only help the environment, but can also help reduce operational costs. Due to the positive commitment that the **Auckland International Airport** has demonstrated to the environment, the assessors are confident that they can maintain or improve performance, where appropriate and practical, in all indicators. In particular over the next 12 months, the **Auckland International Airport** is encouraged to ensure that *Community Commitment* and *Pesticide Products Rating* are at Baseline performance or better. In line with EarthCheck Policy this would enable the **Auckland International Airport** to continue to meet the benchmarking requirements of the EarthCheck program.

APPENDIX

ACTIVITY MEASURE

The Benchmarking Assessors sought clarification with regards to the *Activity Measure* as the initial figure of 15 062 085 *Passengers* submitted was considerably greater than expected.

The Auckland International Airport advised:

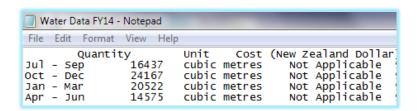
"Apologies I have submitted the figure for whole of airport.
The correct figure for the international terminal is 8,150,406 passengers."

The revised figure of 8 150 406 *Passengers* has been used throughout the benchmarking assessment.

POTABLE WATER CONSUMPTION

The Benchmarking Assessors requested clarification regarding the *Potable Water Consumption* as the total quantity of 75 701 m³ initially submitted less than expected.

The **Auckland International Airport** provided the following information:



The Benchmarking Assessors requested the monthly potable water figures in order to update accordingly in the software.

The Auckland International Airport advised:

"The figures I have are quarterly so the 16437 applies to July, August and Sept. Alternatively the quarterly totals are:

Q1 49,311 Q2 72,502 Q3 61,566 Q4 43,724"

Therefore the revised figures for *Potable Water Consumption* can be found below:

Jul-Sep 2013

Jul-Sep 2013		
Quantity	Unit	Potable Water Consumption (kL)
49311	cubic metres	49311.0 kL
Oct-Dec 2013		
72502	cubic metres	72502.0 kL
Jan-Mar 2014		
61566	cubic metres	61566.0 kL
Apr-Jun 2014		
43724	cubic metres	43724.0 kL

This equates to 27.9 L per Passenger.

RECYCLED / CAPTURED WATER (SUPPLEMENTARY)

The Benchmarking Assessors requested clarification with regards to the *Recycled / Captured Water* as no data was initially submitted.

The Auckland International Airport advised:

"Our rainwater harvesting now contributes 7.5% of potable supply."

Therefore the Benchmarking Assessors have updated the percentage for *Recycled / Captured Water* to 7.5% which is reflected in the current assessment.

WASTE SENT TO LANDFILL

The submitted value of 2 019 tonnes (2 019 000 kg) of waste (specified by the operator as compacted waste) has been converted into a volume by using the standard conversion of: 1 kg (compacted waste) = $0.00153846 \, \text{m}^3$ or $1.53846 \, \text{L}$ (i.e. 2 019 000 kg x $0.00153846 = 3 106.2 \, \text{m}^3$ or $3106153.8 \, \text{L}$). (If the waste is uncompacted, then the standard conversion is: 1 kg = $0.00333333 \, \text{m}^3$ or $3.33333 \, \text{L}$).

This equates to 0.4 L per *Passenger*.

OPTIONAL OPERATION SPECIFIED INDICATORS

The Benchmarking Assessors sought clarification with regards to the *Optional Operation Specified Indicators* as no data had been submitted.

The **Auckland International Airport** advised:

"We no longer wish to record operational specific indicators as our sustainability policy and associated KPIs changed in 2014."

Therefore no results had been added to the *Optional Operation Specified Indicators* for the current assessment period.

PESTICIDE PRODUCTS RATING

The Benchmarking Assessors sought clarification with regards to the *Pesticide Products Rating* as the submission comments noted that some data was absent (below).

"Apologies the pesticide data is absent - I am still chasing the contractor involved and will submit this as soon as I can."

The Auckland International Airport advised:

"The data has been provided and the result is 0% for all pesticide products."

Therefore the Benchmarking Assessors have updated the data for *Pesticide Products Rating* as per below:

Pesticide Products Measures	Frequency / Percentage Rating
Weed killers	0%
Fungal killers	0%
Rodent killers	0%
Insect killers	0%

The overall rating for the *Pesticide Products* Checklist Indicator has been revised to 0 points, as illustrated below:

Pesticide Products

• Initial Rating: 25.0 points

• Revised Rating: 0.0 points

The revised rating has been used throughout the benchmarking assessment.



Benchmarks Assessed by EarthCheck

SUMMARY OF SUPPLIED BENCHMARKING DATA

Activity Measures

Area Under Roof 95440 **Total Passengers** 8150406

Supplied Benchmarking Data

Energy

Energy Consumption (MJ / Square Metre)

167301767.6 MJ Supplied

Calculated 1753.0 MJ / Square Metre Baseline 2085 MJ / Square Metre Best Practice 1460 MJ / Square Metre Difference

15.9% better than the Baseline

Green Power (%)

Supplied 0% Calculated 0%

Greenhouse Gas Emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2) (kg CO2-e / Square Metre)

Supplied 7547295.7 kg CO₂-e

Calculated 79.1 kg CO₂-e / Square Metre Baseline 113 kg CO₂-e / Square Metre Best Practice 79 kg CO₂-e / Square Metre Difference 30.0% better than the Baseline

level

Direct Emissions (Scope 1) (kg CO₂-e / **Square Metre)**

Supplied 2185640.8 kg CO₂-e

Calculated 22.9 kg CO₂-e / Square Metre

Indirect Emissions (Scope 2) (kg CO₂-e / Square Metre)

Supplied 5361654.9 kg CO₂-e

Calculated 56.2 kg CO₂-e / Square Metre

Indirect Emissions (Scope 3) (kg CO₂-e / Passenger)

Supplied 2953817.2 kg CO2-e Calculated 0.4 kg CO₂-e / Passenger

Transport Indirect Emissions (Scope 3) (kg CO₂-e / Square Metre)

Supplied 0.0 kg CO2-e

Calculated 0.0 kg CO₂-e / Square Metre

Waste Indirect Emissions (Scope 3) (kg CO₂-e / Passenger)

Supplied 2953817.2 kg CO2-e Calculated 0.4 kg CO₂-e / Passenger

Water

Potable Water Consumption (L / Passenger)

Supplied 227103000.0 L Calculated 27.9 L / Passenger Baseline 39.8 L / Passenger Best Practice 29.4 L / Passenger

Difference 5.1% better than the Best

Practice level

Recycled / Captured Water (%)

Supplied 7.5% Calculated 7.5%

Water Savings Rating (Points)

Supplied 93.4 Points Calculated 93.4 Points Baseline 50 Points Best Practice 80 Points

Difference 13.4 Points better than the Best

Practice level

Waste

Waste Sent to Landfill (L / Passenger)

Supplied 3106153.8 L Calculated 0.4 L / Passenger Baseline 2 L / Passenger 1.4 L / Passenger Best Practice

Difference 71.4% better than the Best

Practice level

Recycled / Reused / Composted Waste (%)

Supplied 22.0% Calculated 22.0%

Waste Recycling Rating (Points)

Supplied 80.6 Points Calculated 80.6 Points
Baseline 50 Points
Best Practice 80 Points

Difference 0.6 Points better than the Best

Practice level

Community

Community Commitment (%)

Supplied 40.0%
Calculated 40.0%
Baseline 60 %
Best Practice 100 %

Difference 20.0% below the Baseline level

Community Contributions Rating (Points)

Supplied 84.7 Points
Calculated 84.7 Points
Baseline 50 Points
Best Practice 80 Points

Difference 4.7 Points better than the Best

Practice level

Paper

Paper Products Rating (Points)

Supplied 100.0 Points
Calculated 100.0 Points
Baseline 50 Points
Best Practice 80 Points

Difference 20.0 Points better than the Best

Practice level

Cleaning

Cleaning Products Rating (Points)

Supplied 82.5 Points
Calculated 82.5 Points
Baseline 50 Points
Best Practice 80 Points

Difference 2.5 Points better than the Best

Practice level

Pesticides

Pesticide Products Rating (Points)

Supplied 0.0 Points
Calculated 0.0 Points
Baseline 50 Points
Best Practice 80 Points

Difference 50.0 Points below the Baseline

level

Sector Specific

Water Samples Passed (%)

Supplied 100%

Calculated 100% Baseline 80 % Best Practice 100 %

Difference at the Best Practice level

Proven Noise Infringements (%)

Supplied 0%
Calculated 0%
Baseline 5 %
Best Practice 0 %

Difference at the Best Practice level

DETERMINATION OF BASELINE AND BEST PRACTICE LEVELS

General

The values for the Baseline and Best Practice levels for each indicator are derived from extensive worldwide research into available and appropriate case studies, industry surveys, engineering design handbooks, energy, water and waste audits, and climatic and geographic conditions.

National and regional data for per capita energy use, greenhouse gas and other emissions, wastes to landfill and water consumption, where available provide background data for normalisation of the expected performance values for per customer or employee, and/or overall performance of an enterprise being benchmarked. They are used to gauge the regional or national situation and environmental performances that an enterprise is based in, and hence what are reasonable levels to expect the enterprise to achieve.

A benchmarking result at, or above, the Baseline level demonstrates to all stakeholders that the enterprise is achieving above average performance. A result below the Baseline level indicates that an enterprise can and should carry out actions that will make beneficial improvements in performance.

Consideration of Climate

A major determinant of energy consumption in some sectors, primarily those centred on buildings such as accommodation, visitor centres and administration offices will be the dominant climatic conditions in which the enterprise is located. In general, to maintain the same level of indoor comfort, enterprises operating in hot or cold climates will consume more energy than those in temperate climates.

Similarly, it is recognised that in certain sectors a major determinant of potable water consumption will be the climate in which an enterprise is located, in particular those with large grounds and/or significant water-based facilities or activities. That is, enterprises located in hot climates are more likely to consume more potable water than equivalent ones located in cooler climates. Factors that are likely to lead to a higher level of potable water consumption, for example in the accommodation sector, include increased evaporation rates of swimming pools, personal bathing and irrigation demands of grounds. In consideration of this factor, Baseline and Best Practice levels can vary in relation to country location.

Waste Sent to Landfill

The benchmark indicator used for Waste Sent to Landfill is given in litres as waste bins are usually calibrated by volume, and it has been found that the majority of operations do not have access to the weight of material disposed of. However, if a weight is supplied, standard factors are used to convert from weight (e.g., kilograms (kg)) to volume (e.g., cubic metres (m^3) or litres (L)). These are: 1 kg (uncompacted waste) = 0.00333333 m³ or 3.33333 L and 1 kg (compacted waste) = 0.00153846 m³ or 1.53846 L.

Operations should make note of the level of compaction when submitting data for assessment by EarthCheck.

Review of Performance Levels

The Baseline and Best Practice performance levels for EarthCheck indicators are continuously reviewed and are likely to change over time. This review by a team of international experts, takes into account "business-as-usual" changes in practices, equipment and facilities, as well as regulations and general improvement trends in performance and procedures. This review is used to update the levels of Baseline and Best Practice, and provides useful feedback to the user of the indicators.

The list below summarises the basic generic rules used to determine Baseline and Best Practice levels for EarthCheck indicators.

- If relevant enterprise sector specific case studies are not available for a type of activity in a designated region, then national averages will be used to ascertain the Baseline level. In this case, the Best Practice level will be set at a minimum of 30% better performance than the Baseline.
- If case study or national data are not available for a specific indicator, then the first enterprise that benchmarks will have its results set as 15% better than Baseline (i.e., half way between Baseline and Best Practice).